

Isabelle/FOL — First-Order Logic

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1 Intuitionistic first-order logic

theory *IFOL*

imports *Pure*

uses

~~/src/Provers/splitter.ML
~~/src/Provers/hypsubst.ML
~~/src/Tools/IsaPlanner/zipper.ML
~~/src/Tools/IsaPlanner/isand.ML
~~/src/Tools/IsaPlanner/rw-tools.ML
~~/src/Tools/IsaPlanner/rw-inst.ML
~~/src/Tools/eqsubst.ML
~~/src/Provers/quantifier1.ML
~~/src/Tools/intuitionistic.ML

```

~~/src/Tools/project-rule.ML
~~/src/Tools/atomize-elim.ML
(fologic.ML)
(hypsubstdata.ML)
(intprover.ML)
begin

```

1.1 Syntax and axiomatic basis

```
setup Pure-Thy.old-appl-syntax-setup
```

```
classes term
default-sort term
```

```
typedecl o
```

```
judgment
  Trueprop    :: o => prop          ((-) 5)
```

```
consts
  True         :: o
  False        :: o
```

```

eq          :: ['a, 'a] => o          (infixl = 50)

Not          :: o => o                (~ - [40] 40)
conj         :: [o, o] => o           (infixr & 35)
disj         :: [o, o] => o           (infixr | 30)
imp          :: [o, o] => o           (infixr --> 25)
iff          :: [o, o] => o           (infixr <-> 25)
```

```

All          :: ('a => o) => o         (binder ALL 10)
Ex           :: ('a => o) => o         (binder EX 10)
Ex1          :: ('a => o) => o         (binder EX! 10)
```

abbreviation

```

not-equal :: ['a, 'a] => o  (infixl ~= 50) where
  x ~= y == ~ (x = y)
```

```
notation (xsymbols)
  not-equal (infixl ≠ 50)
```

```
notation (HTML output)
  not-equal (infixl ≠ 50)
```

notation (*xsymbols*)

Not ($\neg$ - [40] 40) and
conj (**infixr** $\wedge$ 35) and
disj (**infixr** $\vee$ 30) and
All (**binder** $\forall$ 10) and
Ex (**binder** $\exists$ 10) and
Ex1 (**binder** $\exists!$ 10) and
imp (**infixr** $\longrightarrow$ 25) and
iff (**infixr** $\longleftrightarrow$ 25)

notation (*HTML output*)

Not ($\neg$ - [40] 40) and
conj (**infixr** $\wedge$ 35) and
disj (**infixr** $\vee$ 30) and
All (**binder** $\forall$ 10) and
Ex (**binder** $\exists$ 10) and
Ex1 (**binder** $\exists!$ 10)

finalconsts

False All Ex eq conj disj imp

axioms

refl: $a=a$
subst: $a=b \implies P(a) \implies P(b)$

conjI: $[| P; Q |] \implies P \& Q$
conjunct1: $P \& Q \implies P$
conjunct2: $P \& Q \implies Q$

disjI1: $P \implies P | Q$
disjI2: $Q \implies P | Q$
disjE: $[| P | Q; P \implies R; Q \implies R |] \implies R$

impI: $(P \implies Q) \implies P \longrightarrow Q$
mp: $[| P \longrightarrow Q; P |] \implies Q$

FalseE: $False \implies P$

allI: $(!!x. P(x)) \implies (ALL\ x. P(x))$
spec: $(ALL\ x. P(x)) \implies P(x)$

$exI:$ $P(x) ==> (EX\ x.\ P(x))$
 $exE:$ $[[EX\ x.\ P(x);\ !!x.\ P(x) ==> R]] ==> R$

axioms

$eq\text{-}reflection:$ $(x=y) ==> (x==y)$
 $iff\text{-}reflection:$ $(P<->Q) ==> (P==Q)$

lemmas $strip = impI\ allI$

defs

$True\text{-}def:$ $True == False-->False$
 $not\text{-}def:$ $\sim P == P-->False$
 $iff\text{-}def:$ $P<->Q == (P-->Q) \ \& \ (Q-->P)$

$ex1\text{-}def:$ $Ex1(P) == EX\ x.\ P(x) \ \& \ (ALL\ y.\ P(y) --> y=x)$

1.2 Lemmas and proof tools

lemma $TrueI:$ $True$
unfolding $True\text{-}def$ **by** $(rule\ impI)$

lemma $conjE:$
assumes $major:$ $P \ \& \ Q$
and $r:$ $[[P; Q]] ==> R$
shows R
apply $(rule\ r)$
apply $(rule\ major\ [THEN\ conjunct1])$
apply $(rule\ major\ [THEN\ conjunct2])$
done

lemma $impE:$
assumes $major:$ $P --> Q$
and P
and $r:$ $Q ==> R$
shows R
apply $(rule\ r)$

```

apply (rule major [THEN mp])
apply (rule ⟨P⟩)
done

lemma allE:
  assumes major: ALL x. P(x)
    and r: P(x) ==> R
  shows R
  apply (rule r)
  apply (rule major [THEN spec])
  done

lemma all-dupE:
  assumes major: ALL x. P(x)
    and r: [| P(x); ALL x. P(x) |] ==> R
  shows R
  apply (rule r)
  apply (rule major [THEN spec])
  apply (rule major)
  done

lemma notI: (P ==> False) ==> ~P
  unfolding not-def by (erule impI)

lemma notE: [| ~P; P |] ==> R
  unfolding not-def by (erule mp [THEN FalseE])

lemma rev-notE: [| P; ~P |] ==> R
  by (erule notE)

lemma not-to-imp:
  assumes ~P
    and r: P --> False ==> Q
  shows Q
  apply (rule r)
  apply (rule impI)
  apply (erule notE [OF ⟨~P⟩])
  done

lemma rev-mp: [| P; P --> Q |] ==> Q
  by (erule mp)

```

```

lemma contrapos:
  assumes major:  $\sim Q$ 
    and minor:  $P \implies Q$ 
  shows  $\sim P$ 
  apply (rule major [THEN notE, THEN notI])
  apply (erule minor)
done

```

```

ML <<
  fun mp-tac i = eresolve-tac [@{thm notE}, @{thm impE}] i THEN assume-tac
i
  fun eq-mp-tac i = eresolve-tac [@{thm notE}, @{thm impE}] i THEN eq-assume-tac
i
  >>

```

```

lemma iffI: [ $P \implies Q$ ;  $Q \implies P$ ]  $\implies P \iff Q$ 
  apply (unfold iff-def)
  apply (rule conjI)
  apply (erule impI)
  apply (erule impI)
done

```

```

lemma iffE:
  assumes major:  $P \iff Q$ 
    and r:  $P \implies Q \implies Q \implies P \implies R$ 
  shows R
  apply (insert major, unfold iff-def)
  apply (erule conjE)
  apply (erule r)
  apply assumption
done

```

```

lemma iffD1: [ $P \iff Q$ ;  $P$ ]  $\implies Q$ 
  apply (unfold iff-def)
  apply (erule conjunct1 [THEN mp])
  apply assumption
done

```

```

lemma iffD2: [| P <-> Q; Q |] ==> P
  apply (unfold iff-def)
  apply (erule conjunct2 [THEN mp])
  apply assumption
  done

lemma rev-iffD1: [| P; P <-> Q |] ==> Q
  apply (erule iffD1)
  apply assumption
  done

lemma rev-iffD2: [| Q; P <-> Q |] ==> P
  apply (erule iffD2)
  apply assumption
  done

lemma iff-refl: P <-> P
  by (rule iffI)

lemma iff-sym: Q <-> P ==> P <-> Q
  apply (erule iffE)
  apply (rule iffI)
  apply (assumption | erule mp)+
  done

lemma iff-trans: [| P <-> Q; Q <-> R |] ==> P <-> R
  apply (rule iffI)
  apply (assumption | erule iffE | erule (1) notE impE)+
  done

lemma exII:
  P(a) ==> (!x. P(x) ==> x=a) ==> EX! x. P(x)
  apply (unfold exI-def)
  apply (assumption | rule exI conjI allI impI)+
  done

lemma ex-exII:
  EX x. P(x) ==> (!x y. [| P(x); P(y) |] ==> x=y) ==> EX! x. P(x)
  apply (erule exE)
  apply (rule exII)
  apply assumption
  apply assumption
  done

lemma exIE:

```

```

EX! x. P(x) ==> (!!x. [| P(x); ALL y. P(y) --> y=x |] ==> R) ==> R
apply (unfold ex1-def)
apply (assumption | erule exE conjE)+
done

```

```

ML <<
  fun iff-tac prems i =
    resolve-tac (prems RL @ {thms iffE}) i THEN
    REPEAT1 (eresolve-tac [| @ {thm asm-rl}, @ {thm mp} |] i)
  >>

```

```

lemma conj-cong:
  assumes P <-> P'
  and P' ==> Q <-> Q'
  shows (P & Q) <-> (P' & Q')
  apply (insert assms)
  apply (assumption | rule iffI conjI | erule iffE conjE mp |
    tactic << iff-tac @ {thms assms} 1 >>)+
  done

```

```

lemma conj-cong2:
  assumes P <-> P'
  and P' ==> Q <-> Q'
  shows (Q & P) <-> (Q' & P')
  apply (insert assms)
  apply (assumption | rule iffI conjI | erule iffE conjE mp |
    tactic << iff-tac @ {thms assms} 1 >>)+
  done

```

```

lemma disj-cong:
  assumes P <-> P' and Q <-> Q'
  shows (P | Q) <-> (P' | Q')
  apply (insert assms)
  apply (erule iffE disjE disjI1 disjI2 | assumption | rule iffI | erule (1) notE
    impE)+
  done

```

```

lemma imp-cong:
  assumes P <-> P'
  and P' ==> Q <-> Q'
  shows (P --> Q) <-> (P' --> Q')
  apply (insert assms)
  apply (assumption | rule iffI impI | erule iffE | erule (1) notE impE |
    tactic << iff-tac @ {thms assms} 1 >>)+

```



```

done

lemma iff-cong: [| P <-> P'; Q <-> Q' |] ==> (P<->Q) <-> (P'<->Q')
  apply (erule iffE | assumption | rule iffI | erule (1) notE impE)+
done

lemma not-cong: P <-> P' ==> ~P <-> ~P'
  apply (assumption | rule iffI notI | erule (1) notE impE | erule iffE notE)+
done

lemma all-cong:
  assumes !!x. P(x) <-> Q(x)
  shows (ALL x. P(x)) <-> (ALL x. Q(x))
  apply (assumption | rule iffI allI | erule (1) notE impE | erule allE |
    tactic << iff-tac @ {thms assms} 1 >>)+
done

lemma ex-cong:
  assumes !!x. P(x) <-> Q(x)
  shows (EX x. P(x)) <-> (EX x. Q(x))
  apply (erule exE | assumption | rule iffI exI | erule (1) notE impE |
    tactic << iff-tac @ {thms assms} 1 >>)+
done

lemma ex1-cong:
  assumes !!x. P(x) <-> Q(x)
  shows (EX! x. P(x)) <-> (EX! x. Q(x))
  apply (erule ex1E spec [THEN mp] | assumption | rule iffI ex1I | erule (1) notE
    impE |
    tactic << iff-tac @ {thms assms} 1 >>)+
done

lemma sym: a=b ==> b=a
  apply (erule subst)
  apply (rule refl)
done

lemma trans: [| a=b; b=c |] ==> a=c
  apply (erule subst, assumption)
done

lemma not-sym: b ~ a ==> a ~ b
  apply (erule contrapos)
  apply (erule sym)
done

```

```

lemma def-imp-iff:  $(A == B) ==> A <-> B$ 
  apply unfold
  apply (rule iff-refl)
  done

```

```

lemma meta-eq-to-obj-eq:  $(A == B) ==> A = B$ 
  apply unfold
  apply (rule refl)
  done

```

```

lemma meta-eq-to-iff:  $x == y ==> x <-> y$ 
  by unfold (rule iff-refl)

```

```

lemma ssubst:  $[| b = a; P(a) |] ==> P(b)$ 
  apply (drule sym)
  apply (erule (1) subst)
  done

```

```

lemma ex1-equalsE:
   $[| EX! x. P(x); P(a); P(b) |] ==> a=b$ 
  apply (erule ex1E)
  apply (rule trans)
  apply (rule-tac [2] sym)
  apply (assumption | erule spec [THEN mp]))+
  done

```

```

lemma subst-context:  $[| a=b |] ==> t(a)=t(b)$ 
  apply (erule ssubst)
  apply (rule refl)
  done

```

```

lemma subst-context2:  $[| a=b; c=d |] ==> t(a,c)=t(b,d)$ 
  apply (erule ssubst)+
  apply (rule refl)
  done

```

```

lemma subst-context3:  $[| a=b; c=d; e=f |] ==> t(a,c,e)=t(b,d,f)$ 
  apply (erule ssubst)+
  apply (rule refl)
  done

```

```

lemma box-equals:  $[| a=b; a=c; b=d |] ==> c=d$ 

```

```

apply (rule trans)
apply (rule trans)
  apply (rule sym)
  apply assumption+
done

lemma simp-equals: [| a=c; b=d; c=d |] ==> a=b
  apply (rule trans)
  apply (rule trans)
  apply assumption+
  apply (erule sym)
done

lemma pred1-cong: a=a' ==> P(a) <-> P(a')
  apply (rule iffI)
  apply (erule (1) subst)
  apply (erule (1) ssubst)
done

lemma pred2-cong: [| a=a'; b=b' |] ==> P(a,b) <-> P(a',b')
  apply (rule iffI)
  apply (erule subst)+
  apply assumption
  apply (erule ssubst)+
  apply assumption
done

lemma pred3-cong: [| a=a'; b=b'; c=c' |] ==> P(a,b,c) <-> P(a',b',c')
  apply (rule iffI)
  apply (erule subst)+
  apply assumption
  apply (erule ssubst)+
  apply assumption
done

lemma eq-cong: [| a = a'; b = b' |] ==> a = b <-> a' = b'
  apply (erule (1) pred2-cong)
done

lemma conj-impE:
  assumes major: (P&Q)-->S
  and r: P-->(Q-->S) ==> R

```

```

shows R
by (assumption | rule conjI impI major [THEN mp] r)+

lemma disj-impE:
  assumes major: (P|Q)--->S
  and r: [| P--->S; Q--->S |] ==> R
  shows R
  by (assumption | rule disjI1 disjI2 impI major [THEN mp] r)+

lemma imp-impE:
  assumes major: (P--->Q)--->S
  and r1: [| P; Q--->S |] ==> Q
  and r2: S ==> R
  shows R
  by (assumption | rule impI major [THEN mp] r1 r2)+

lemma not-impE:
  ~P ---> S ==> (P ==> False) ==> (S ==> R) ==> R
  apply (drule mp)
  apply (rule notI)
  apply assumption
  apply assumption
  done

lemma iff-impE:
  assumes major: (P<-->Q)--->S
  and r1: [| P; Q--->S |] ==> Q
  and r2: [| Q; P--->S |] ==> P
  and r3: S ==> R
  shows R
  apply (assumption | rule iffI impI major [THEN mp] r1 r2 r3)+
  done

lemma all-impE:
  assumes major: (ALL x. P(x))--->S
  and r1: !!x. P(x)
  and r2: S ==> R
  shows R
  apply (rule allI impI major [THEN mp] r1 r2)+
  done

lemma ex-impE:
  assumes major: (EX x. P(x))--->S
  and r: P(x)--->S ==> R

```

```

shows R
apply (assumption | rule exI impI major [THEN mp] r)+
done

```

```

lemma disj-imp-disj:
  P|Q ==> (P==>R) ==> (Q==>S) ==> R|S
  apply (erule disjE)
  apply (rule disjI1) apply assumption
  apply (rule disjI2) apply assumption
done

```

```

ML <<
structure Project-Rule = Project-Rule
(
  val conjunct1 = @{thm conjunct1}
  val conjunct2 = @{thm conjunct2}
  val mp = @{thm mp}
)
>>

```

```

use fologic.ML

```

```

lemma thin-refl: !!X. [|x=x; PROP W|] ==> PROP W .

```

```

use hypsubstdata.ML
setup hypsubst-setup
use intprover.ML

```

1.3 Intuitionistic Reasoning

```

setup << Intuitionistic.method-setup @{binding iprover} >>

```

```

lemma impE':
  assumes 1: P --> Q
  and 2: Q ==> R
  and 3: P --> Q ==> P
  shows R
proof -
  from 3 and 1 have P .
  with 1 have Q by (rule impE)
  with 2 show R .
qed

```

```

lemma allE':
  assumes 1: ALL x. P(x)
  and 2: P(x) ==> ALL x. P(x) ==> Q
  shows Q

```

```

proof -
  from 1 have  $P(x)$  by (rule spec)
  from this and 1 show  $Q$  by (rule 2)
qed

lemma notE':
  assumes 1:  $\sim P$ 
  and 2:  $\sim P \implies P$ 
  shows  $R$ 
proof -
  from 2 and 1 have  $P$  .
  with 1 show  $R$  by (rule notE)
qed

lemmas [Pure.elim!] = disjE iffE FalseE conjE exE
  and [Pure.intro!] = iffI conjI impI TrueI notI allI refl
  and [Pure.elim 2] = allE notE' impE'
  and [Pure.intro] = exI disjI2 disjI1

setup  $\ll$  Context-Rules.addSWrapper (fn tac => hyp-subst-tac ORELSE' tac)  $\gg$ 

lemma iff-not-sym:  $\sim (Q \longleftrightarrow P) \implies \sim (P \longleftrightarrow Q)$ 
  by iprover

lemmas [sym] = sym iff-sym not-sym iff-not-sym
  and [Pure.elim?] = iffD1 iffD2 impE

lemma eq-commute:  $a=b \longleftrightarrow b=a$ 
  apply (rule iffI)
  apply (erule sym)+
  done



### 1.4 Atomizing meta-level rules



lemma atomize-all [atomize]:  $(!!x. P(x)) \implies \text{Trueprop } (ALL\ x. P(x))$ 
proof
  assume  $!!x. P(x)$ 
  then show  $ALL\ x. P(x)$  ..
next
  assume  $ALL\ x. P(x)$ 
  then show  $!!x. P(x)$  ..
qed

lemma atomize-imp [atomize]:  $(A \implies B) \implies \text{Trueprop } (A \dashrightarrow B)$ 
proof
  assume  $A \implies B$ 
  then show  $A \dashrightarrow B$  ..

```

```

next
  assume  $A \dashv\dashv B$  and  $A$ 
  then show  $B$  by (rule mp)
qed

lemma atomize-eq [atomize]:  $(x == y) == \text{Trueprop } (x = y)$ 
proof
  assume  $x == y$ 
  show  $x = y$  unfolding  $\langle x == y \rangle$  by (rule refl)
next
  assume  $x = y$ 
  then show  $x == y$  by (rule eq-reflection)
qed

lemma atomize-iff [atomize]:  $(A == B) == \text{Trueprop } (A <-> B)$ 
proof
  assume  $A == B$ 
  show  $A <-> B$  unfolding  $\langle A == B \rangle$  by (rule iff-refl)
next
  assume  $A <-> B$ 
  then show  $A == B$  by (rule iff-reflection)
qed

lemma atomize-conj [atomize]:  $(A \&\&\& B) == \text{Trueprop } (A \& B)$ 
proof
  assume conj:  $A \&\&\& B$ 
  show  $A \& B$ 
  proof (rule conjI)
    from conj show  $A$  by (rule conjunctionD1)
    from conj show  $B$  by (rule conjunctionD2)
  qed
next
  assume conj:  $A \& B$ 
  show  $A \&\&\& B$ 
  proof –
    from conj show  $A$  ..
    from conj show  $B$  ..
  qed
qed

lemmas [symmetric, rulify] = atomize-all atomize-imp
and [symmetric, defn] = atomize-all atomize-imp atomize-eq atomize-iff

```

1.5 Atomizing elimination rules

setup *AtomizeElim.setup*

```

lemma atomize-exL[atomize-elim]:  $(!!x. P(x) ==> Q) == ((EX x. P(x)) ==> Q)$ 

```

by *rule iprover*+

lemma *atomize-conjL*[*atomize-elim*]: $(A ==> B ==> C) == (A \& B ==> C)$
by *rule iprover*+

lemma *atomize-disjL*[*atomize-elim*]: $((A ==> C) ==> (B ==> C) ==> C)$
 $== ((A \mid B ==> C) ==> C)$
by *rule iprover*+

lemma *atomize-elimL*[*atomize-elim*]: $(!!B. (A ==> B) ==> B) == \text{Trueprop}(A)$
..

1.6 Calculational rules

lemma *forw-subst*: $a = b ==> P(b) ==> P(a)$
by (*rule ssubst*)

lemma *back-subst*: $P(a) ==> a = b ==> P(b)$
by (*rule subst*)

Note that this list of rules is in reverse order of priorities.

lemmas *basic-trans-rules* [*trans*] =
forw-subst
back-subst
rev-mp
mp
trans

1.7 “Let” declarations

nonterminal *letbinds* and *letbind*

definition *Let* :: $[a::\{\}, 'a ==> 'b] ==> ('b::\{\})$ **where**
 $\text{Let}(s, f) == f(s)$

syntax

-bind :: $[pttrn, 'a] ==> \text{letbind}$ $((2- = / -) 10)$
 :: $\text{letbind} ==> \text{letbinds}$ $(-)$
-binds :: $[\text{letbind}, \text{letbinds}] ==> \text{letbinds}$ $(-; / -)$
-Let :: $[\text{letbinds}, 'a] ==> 'a$ $((\text{let } (-) / \text{in } (-)) 10)$

translations

$\text{-Let}(\text{-binds}(b, bs), e) == \text{-Let}(b, \text{-Let}(bs, e))$
 $\text{let } x = a \text{ in } e == \text{CONST } \text{Let}(a, \%x. e)$

lemma *LetI*:

assumes $!!x. x=t ==> P(u(x))$
shows $P(\text{let } x=t \text{ in } u(x))$


```

apply (unfold Let-def)
apply (rule refl [THEN assms])
done

```

1.8 Intuitionistic simplification rules

lemma *conj-simps*:

```

 $P \ \& \ \text{True} \longleftrightarrow P$ 
 $\text{True} \ \& \ P \longleftrightarrow P$ 
 $P \ \& \ \text{False} \longleftrightarrow \text{False}$ 
 $\text{False} \ \& \ P \longleftrightarrow \text{False}$ 
 $P \ \& \ P \longleftrightarrow P$ 
 $P \ \& \ P \ \& \ Q \longleftrightarrow P \ \& \ Q$ 
 $P \ \& \ \sim P \longleftrightarrow \text{False}$ 
 $\sim P \ \& \ P \longleftrightarrow \text{False}$ 
 $(P \ \& \ Q) \ \& \ R \longleftrightarrow P \ \& \ (Q \ \& \ R)$ 
by iprover+

```

lemma *disj-simps*:

```

 $P \mid \text{True} \longleftrightarrow \text{True}$ 
 $\text{True} \mid P \longleftrightarrow \text{True}$ 
 $P \mid \text{False} \longleftrightarrow P$ 
 $\text{False} \mid P \longleftrightarrow P$ 
 $P \mid P \longleftrightarrow P$ 
 $P \mid P \mid Q \longleftrightarrow P \mid Q$ 
 $(P \mid Q) \mid R \longleftrightarrow P \mid (Q \mid R)$ 
by iprover+

```

lemma *not-simps*:

```

 $\sim(P \mid Q) \longleftrightarrow \sim P \ \& \ \sim Q$ 
 $\sim \text{False} \longleftrightarrow \text{True}$ 
 $\sim \text{True} \longleftrightarrow \text{False}$ 
by iprover+

```

lemma *imp-simps*:

```

 $(P \longrightarrow \text{False}) \longleftrightarrow \sim P$ 
 $(P \longrightarrow \text{True}) \longleftrightarrow \text{True}$ 
 $(\text{False} \longrightarrow P) \longleftrightarrow \text{True}$ 
 $(\text{True} \longrightarrow P) \longleftrightarrow P$ 
 $(P \longrightarrow P) \longleftrightarrow \text{True}$ 
 $(P \longrightarrow \sim P) \longleftrightarrow \sim P$ 
by iprover+

```

lemma *iff-simps*:

```

 $(\text{True} \longleftrightarrow P) \longleftrightarrow P$ 
 $(P \longleftrightarrow \text{True}) \longleftrightarrow P$ 
 $(P \longleftrightarrow P) \longleftrightarrow \text{True}$ 
 $(\text{False} \longleftrightarrow P) \longleftrightarrow \sim P$ 
 $(P \longleftrightarrow \text{False}) \longleftrightarrow \sim P$ 

```

by *iprover*+

lemma *quant-simps*:

!! P . ($ALL\ x. P$) $\leftrightarrow$ P
 $(ALL\ x. x=t \rightarrow P(x)) \leftrightarrow P(t)$
 $(ALL\ x. t=x \rightarrow P(x)) \leftrightarrow P(t)$
!! P . ($EX\ x. P$) $\leftrightarrow$ P
 $EX\ x. x=t$
 $EX\ x. t=x$
 $(EX\ x. x=t \ \& \ P(x)) \leftrightarrow P(t)$
 $(EX\ x. t=x \ \& \ P(x)) \leftrightarrow P(t)$
by *iprover*+

lemma *distrib-simps*:

$P \ \& \ (Q \mid R) \leftrightarrow P \ \& \ Q \mid P \ \& \ R$
 $(Q \mid R) \ \& \ P \leftrightarrow Q \ \& \ P \mid R \ \& \ P$
 $(P \mid Q \rightarrow R) \leftrightarrow (P \rightarrow R) \ \& \ (Q \rightarrow R)$
by *iprover*+

Conversion into rewrite rules

lemma *P-iff-F*: $\sim P \implies (P \leftrightarrow False)$ **by** *iprover*
lemma *iff-reflection-F*: $\sim P \implies (P == False)$ **by** (rule *P-iff-F* [THEN *iff-reflection*])
lemma *P-iff-T*: $P \implies (P \leftrightarrow True)$ **by** *iprover*
lemma *iff-reflection-T*: $P \implies (P == True)$ **by** (rule *P-iff-T* [THEN *iff-reflection*])

More rewrite rules

lemma *conj-commute*: $P \ \& \ Q \leftrightarrow Q \ \& \ P$ **by** *iprover*
lemma *conj-left-commute*: $P \ \& \ (Q \ \& \ R) \leftrightarrow Q \ \& \ (P \ \& \ R)$ **by** *iprover*
lemmas *conj-comms* = *conj-commute conj-left-commute*
lemma *disj-commute*: $P \mid Q \leftrightarrow Q \mid P$ **by** *iprover*
lemma *disj-left-commute*: $P \mid (Q \mid R) \leftrightarrow Q \mid (P \mid R)$ **by** *iprover*
lemmas *disj-comms* = *disj-commute disj-left-commute*
lemma *conj-disj-distribL*: $P \ \& \ (Q \mid R) \leftrightarrow (P \ \& \ Q \mid P \ \& \ R)$ **by** *iprover*
lemma *conj-disj-distribR*: $(P \mid Q) \ \& \ R \leftrightarrow (P \ \& \ R \mid Q \ \& \ R)$ **by** *iprover*
lemma *disj-conj-distribL*: $P \mid (Q \ \& \ R) \leftrightarrow (P \mid Q) \ \& \ (P \mid R)$ **by** *iprover*
lemma *disj-conj-distribR*: $(P \ \& \ Q) \mid R \leftrightarrow (P \mid R) \ \& \ (Q \mid R)$ **by** *iprover*
lemma *imp-conj-distrib*: $(P \rightarrow (Q \ \& \ R)) \leftrightarrow (P \rightarrow Q) \ \& \ (P \rightarrow R)$ **by** *iprover*
lemma *imp-conj*: $((P \ \& \ Q) \rightarrow R) \leftrightarrow (P \rightarrow (Q \rightarrow R))$ **by** *iprover*
lemma *imp-disj*: $(P \mid Q \rightarrow R) \leftrightarrow (P \rightarrow R) \ \& \ (Q \rightarrow R)$ **by** *iprover*
lemma *de-Morgan-disj*: $(\sim(P \mid Q)) \leftrightarrow (\sim P \ \& \ \sim Q)$ **by** *iprover*

```

lemma not-ex: ( $\sim (EX\ x.\ P(x))$ )  $\leftrightarrow$  ( $ALL\ x.\ \sim P(x)$ ) by iprover
lemma imp-ex: ( $(EX\ x.\ P(x)) \rightarrow Q$ )  $\leftrightarrow$  ( $ALL\ x.\ P(x) \rightarrow Q$ ) by iprover

lemma ex-disj-distrib:
  ( $EX\ x.\ P(x) \mid Q(x)$ )  $\leftrightarrow$  ( $(EX\ x.\ P(x)) \mid (EX\ x.\ Q(x))$ ) by iprover

lemma all-conj-distrib:
  ( $ALL\ x.\ P(x) \ \&\ Q(x)$ )  $\leftrightarrow$  ( $(ALL\ x.\ P(x)) \ \&\ (ALL\ x.\ Q(x))$ ) by iprover

end

```

2 Classical first-order logic

```

theory FOL
imports IFOL
uses
   $\sim\sim$ /src/Provers/classical.ML
   $\sim\sim$ /src/Provers/blast.ML
   $\sim\sim$ /src/Provers/clasimp.ML
   $\sim\sim$ /src/Tools/induct.ML
  (cladata.ML)
  (simpdata.ML)
begin

```

2.1 The classical axiom

```

axioms
  classical: ( $\sim P \implies P$ )  $\implies P$ 

```

2.2 Lemmas and proof tools

```

lemma ccontr: ( $\neg P \implies False$ )  $\implies P$ 
by (erule FalseE [THEN classical])

lemma disjCI: ( $\sim Q \implies P$ )  $\implies P \mid Q$ 
apply (rule classical)
apply (assumption  $\mid$  erule meta-mp  $\mid$  rule disjI1 notI)+
apply (erule notE disjI2)+
done

lemma ex-classical:
  assumes r:  $\sim(EX\ x.\ P(x)) \implies P(a)$ 
  shows  $EX\ x.\ P(x)$ 
apply (rule classical)

```

```

apply (rule exI, erule r)
done

lemma exCI:
  assumes r:  $\text{ALL } x. \sim P(x) \implies P(a)$ 
  shows  $\text{EX } x. P(x)$ 
  apply (rule ex-classical)
  apply (rule notI [THEN allI, THEN r])
  apply (erule notE)
  apply (erule exI)
  done

lemma excluded-middle:  $\sim P \mid P$ 
  apply (rule disjCI)
  apply assumption
  done

lemma case-split [case-names True False]:
  assumes r1:  $P \implies Q$ 
  and r2:  $\sim P \implies Q$ 
  shows Q
  apply (rule excluded-middle [THEN disjE])
  apply (erule r2)
  apply (erule r1)
  done

ML ⟨⟨
  fun case-tac ctxt a = res-inst-tac ctxt [((P, 0), a)] @{thm case-split}
  ⟩⟩

method-setup case-tac = ⟨⟨
  Args.goal-spec — Scan.lift Args.name-source >>
  (fn (quant, s) => fn ctxt => SIMPLE-METHOD'' quant (case-tac ctxt s))
  ⟩⟩ case-tac emulation (dynamic instantiation!)

lemma impCE:
  assumes major:  $P \multimap Q$ 
  and r1:  $\sim P \implies R$ 
  and r2:  $Q \implies R$ 
  shows R
  apply (rule excluded-middle [THEN disjE])
  apply (erule r1)
  apply (rule r2)

```

```

apply (erule major [THEN mp])
done

```

```

lemma impCE':
  assumes major:  $P \dashv\vdash Q$ 
    and r1:  $Q \implies R$ 
    and r2:  $\sim P \implies R$ 
  shows R
  apply (erule excluded-middle [THEN disjE])
  apply (erule r2)
  apply (erule r1)
  apply (erule major [THEN mp])
done

```

```

lemma notnotD:  $\sim\sim P \implies P$ 
  apply (erule classical)
  apply (erule notE)
  apply assumption
done

```

```

lemma contrapos2:  $[ [ Q; \sim P \implies \sim Q ] ] \implies P$ 
  apply (erule classical)
  apply (drule (1) meta-mp)
  apply (erule (1) notE)
done

```

```

lemma iffCE:
  assumes major:  $P <\leftrightarrow> Q$ 
    and r1:  $[ [ P; Q ] ] \implies R$ 
    and r2:  $[ [ \sim P; \sim Q ] ] \implies R$ 
  shows R
  apply (erule major [unfolded iff-def, THEN conjE])
  apply (elim impCE)
    apply (erule (1) r2)
    apply (erule (1) notE)+
  apply (erule (1) r1)
done

```

```

lemma alt-ex1E:
  assumes major:  $EX! x. P(x)$ 
    and r:  $!!x. [ [ P(x); ALL y y'. P(y) \ \& \ P(y') \dashv\vdash y=y' ] ] \implies R$ 
  shows R

```

```

using major
proof (rule ex1E)
  fix x
  assume * :  $\forall y. P(y) \longrightarrow y = x$ 
  assume  $P(x)$ 
  then show  $R$ 
  proof (rule r)
    { fix y y'
      assume  $P(y)$  and  $P(y')$ 
      with * have  $x = y$  and  $x = y'$  by - (tactic IntPr.fast-tac 1)+
      then have  $y = y'$  by (rule subst)
    } note  $r' = \text{this}$ 
    show  $\forall y y'. P(y) \wedge P(y') \longrightarrow y = y'$  by (intro strip, elim conjE) (rule r')
  qed
qed

lemma imp-elim:  $P \dashrightarrow Q \implies (\sim R \implies P) \implies (Q \implies R) \implies R$ 
  by (rule classical) iprover

lemma swap:  $\sim P \implies (\sim R \implies P) \implies R$ 
  by (rule classical) iprover

```

3 Classical Reasoner

```

use cladata.ML
setup Cla.setup
ML  $\ll$  Context.>> (Cla.map-cs (K FOL-cs))  $\gg$ 

ML  $\ll$ 
  structure Blast = Blast
  (
    val thy =  $\text{@}\{\text{theory}\}$ 
    type claset = Cla.claset
    val equality-name =  $\text{@}\{\text{const-name eq}\}$ 
    val not-name =  $\text{@}\{\text{const-name Not}\}$ 
    val notE =  $\text{@}\{\text{thm notE}\}$ 
    val ccontr =  $\text{@}\{\text{thm ccontr}\}$ 
    val contr-tac = Cla.contr-tac
    val dup-intr = Cla.dup-intr
    val hyp-subst-tac = Hypsubst.blast-hyp-subst-tac
    val rep-cs = Cla.rep-cs
    val cla-modifiers = Cla.cla-modifiers
    val cla-meth' = Cla.cla-meth'
  );
  val blast-tac = Blast.blast-tac;
 $\gg$ 

setup Blast.setup

```

lemma *ex1-functional*: $[| EX! z. P(a,z); P(a,b); P(a,c) |] ==> b = c$
by *blast*

lemma *True-implies-equals*: $(True ==> PROP P) == PROP P$
proof
 assume $True \implies PROP P$
 from this and TrueI show $PROP P$.
next
 assume $PROP P$
 then show $PROP P$.
qed

lemma *uncurry*: $P --> Q --> R ==> P \& Q --> R$
by *blast*

lemma *iff-allI*: $(!!x. P(x) <-> Q(x)) ==> (ALL x. P(x)) <-> (ALL x. Q(x))$
by *blast*

lemma *iff-exI*: $(!!x. P(x) <-> Q(x)) ==> (EX x. P(x)) <-> (EX x. Q(x))$
by *blast*

lemma *all-comm*: $(ALL x y. P(x,y)) <-> (ALL y x. P(x,y))$ **by** *blast*

lemma *ex-comm*: $(EX x y. P(x,y)) <-> (EX y x. P(x,y))$ **by** *blast*

lemma *cases-simp*: $(P --> Q) \& (\sim P --> Q) <-> Q$ **by** *blast*

lemma *int-ex-simps*:
 $!!P Q. (EX x. P(x) \& Q) <-> (EX x. P(x)) \& Q$
 $!!P Q. (EX x. P \& Q(x)) <-> P \& (EX x. Q(x))$
 $!!P Q. (EX x. P(x) | Q) <-> (EX x. P(x)) | Q$
 $!!P Q. (EX x. P | Q(x)) <-> P | (EX x. Q(x))$
by *iprover+*

lemma *cla-ex-simps*:
 $!!P Q. (EX x. P(x) --> Q) <-> (ALL x. P(x)) --> Q$
 $!!P Q. (EX x. P --> Q(x)) <-> P --> (EX x. Q(x))$

by *blast*+

lemmas *ex-simps = int-ex-simps cla-ex-simps*

lemma *int-all-simps*:

!!P Q. (ALL x. P(x) & Q) <-> (ALL x. P(x)) & Q
 !!P Q. (ALL x. P & Q(x)) <-> P & (ALL x. Q(x))
 !!P Q. (ALL x. P(x) --> Q) <-> (EX x. P(x)) --> Q
 !!P Q. (ALL x. P --> Q(x)) <-> P --> (ALL x. Q(x))
by *iprover*+

lemma *cla-all-simps*:

!!P Q. (ALL x. P(x) | Q) <-> (ALL x. P(x)) | Q
 !!P Q. (ALL x. P | Q(x)) <-> P | (ALL x. Q(x))
by *blast*+

lemmas *all-simps = int-all-simps cla-all-simps*

lemma *imp-disj1*: (P-->Q) | R <-> (P-->Q | R) **by** *blast*

lemma *imp-disj2*: Q | (P-->R) <-> (P-->Q | R) **by** *blast*

lemma *de-Morgan-conj*: (~ (P & Q)) <-> (~ P | ~ Q) **by** *blast*

lemma *not-imp*: ~ (P --> Q) <-> (P & ~ Q) **by** *blast*

lemma *not-iff*: ~ (P <-> Q) <-> (P <-> ~ Q) **by** *blast*

lemma *not-all*: (~ (ALL x. P(x))) <-> (EX x. ~ P(x)) **by** *blast*

lemma *imp-all*: ((ALL x. P(x)) --> Q) <-> (EX x. P(x) --> Q) **by** *blast*

lemmas *meta-simps =*

triv-forall-equality

True-implies-equals

lemmas *IFOL-simps =*

refl [THEN P-iff-T] conj-simps disj-simps not-simps

imp-simps iff-simps quant-simps

lemma *notFalseI*: ~ False **by** *iprover*

lemma *cla-simps-misc*:

~ (P & Q) <-> ~ P | ~ Q

P | ~ P

~ P | P

$\sim \sim P \leftrightarrow P$
 $(\sim P \multimap P) \leftrightarrow P$
 $(\sim P \leftrightarrow \sim Q) \leftrightarrow (P \leftrightarrow Q)$ **by** *blast+*

lemmas *cla-simps* =
de-Morgan-conj de-Morgan-disj imp-disj1 imp-disj2
not-imp not-all not-ex cases-simp cla-simps-misc

use *simpdata.ML*
setup *simpsetup*
setup *Simplifier.method-setup Splitter.split-modifiers*
setup *Splitter.setup*
setup *clasimp-setup*
setup *EqSubst.setup*

3.1 Other simple lemmas

lemma [*simp*]: $((P \multimap R) \leftrightarrow (Q \multimap R)) \leftrightarrow ((P \leftrightarrow Q) \mid R)$
by *blast*

lemma [*simp*]: $((P \multimap Q) \leftrightarrow (P \multimap R)) \leftrightarrow (P \multimap (Q \leftrightarrow R))$
by *blast*

lemma *not-disj-iff-imp*: $\sim P \mid Q \leftrightarrow (P \multimap Q)$
by *blast*

lemma *conj-mono*: $[P1 \multimap Q1; P2 \multimap Q2] \implies (P1 \& P2) \multimap (Q1 \& Q2)$
by *fast*

lemma *disj-mono*: $[P1 \multimap Q1; P2 \multimap Q2] \implies (P1 \mid P2) \multimap (Q1 \mid Q2)$
by *fast*

lemma *imp-mono*: $[Q1 \multimap P1; P2 \multimap Q2] \implies (P1 \multimap P2) \multimap (Q1 \multimap Q2)$
by *fast*

lemma *imp-reft*: $P \multimap P$
by (*rule impI, assumption*)

lemma *ex-mono*: $(!!x. P(x) \multimap Q(x)) \implies (EX x. P(x)) \multimap (EX x. Q(x))$
by *blast*

lemma *all-mono*: $(!!x. P(x) \multimap Q(x)) \implies (ALL x. P(x)) \multimap (ALL x. Q(x))$
by *blast*

3.2 Proof by cases and induction

Proper handling of non-atomic rule statements.

definition *induct-forall*(P) == $\forall x. P(x)$

definition *induct-implies*(A, B) == $A \longrightarrow B$

definition *induct-equal*(x, y) == $x = y$

definition *induct-conj*(A, B) == $A \wedge B$

lemma *induct-forall-eq*: ($!!x. P(x)$) == *Trueprop*(*induct-forall*($\lambda x. P(x)$))

unfolding *atomize-all induct-forall-def* .

lemma *induct-implies-eq*: ($A ==> B$) == *Trueprop*(*induct-implies*(A, B))

unfolding *atomize-imp induct-implies-def* .

lemma *induct-equal-eq*: ($x == y$) == *Trueprop*(*induct-equal*(x, y))

unfolding *atomize-eq induct-equal-def* .

lemma *induct-conj-eq*: ($A \&\& B$) == *Trueprop*(*induct-conj*(A, B))

unfolding *atomize-conj induct-conj-def* .

lemmas *induct-atomize* = *induct-forall-eq induct-implies-eq induct-equal-eq induct-conj-eq*

lemmas *induct-rulify* [*symmetric, standard*] = *induct-atomize*

lemmas *induct-rulify-fallback* =

induct-forall-def induct-implies-def induct-equal-def induct-conj-def

hide-const *induct-forall induct-implies induct-equal induct-conj*

Method setup.

ML $\langle\langle$

structure Induct = Induct

(

val cases-default = @{*thm case-split*}

val atomize = @{*thms induct-atomize*}

val rulify = @{*thms induct-rulify*}

val rulify-fallback = @{*thms induct-rulify-fallback*}

val equal-def = @{*thm induct-equal-def*}

fun dest-def - = *NONE*

fun trivial-tac - = *no-tac*

);

$\rangle\rangle$

setup *Induct.setup*

declare *case-split* [*cases type: o*]

hide-const (**open**) *eq*

end